# Planning and Optimization

D1. Delete Relaxation: Relaxed Planning Tasks

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Heuristics

D1.1 Heuristics

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Planning as Heuristic Search

Heuristic search is the most common approach to planning.

▶ ingredients: general search algorithm + heuristic

heuristic estimates cost from a given state to a given goal

**progression**: from varying states s to fixed goal  $\gamma$ 

ightharpoonup regression: from fixed initial state I to varying subgoals  $\varphi$ 

Over the next weeks, we study the main ideas behind heuristics for planning tasks.

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Coming Up with Heuristics

D1.2 Coming Up with Heuristics

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## Reminder: Heuristics

### Need to Catch Up?

▶ We assume familiarity with heuristics and their properties:

▶ heuristic  $h: S \to \mathbb{R}_0^+ \cup \{\infty\}$ 

ightharpoonup perfect heuristic  $h^*$ :  $h^*(s)$  cost of optimal solution from s  $(\infty \text{ if unsolvable})$ 

properties of heuristics h:

▶ safe:  $(h(s) = \infty \Rightarrow h^*(s) = \infty)$  for all states s

**p** goal-aware: h(s) = 0 for all goal states s

**admissible**:  $h(s) < h^*(s)$  for all states s

**consistent:**  $h(s) \leq cost(o) + h(s')$  for all transitions  $s \xrightarrow{o} s'$ 

connections between these properties

▶ If you are not familiar with these, we recommend Ch. B9–B10 of the Foundations of Artificial Intelligence course:

https://dmi.unibas.ch/en/studies/ computer-science/courses-in-spring-semester-2024/ lecture-foundations-of-artificial-intelligence/

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# A Simple Heuristic for Propositional Planning Tasks

STRIPS (Fikes & Nilsson, 1971) used the number of state variables that differ in current state s and a STRIPS goal  $v_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge v_n$ :

$$h(s) := |\{i \in \{1, \ldots, n\} \mid s \not\models v_i\}|.$$

Intuition: more satisfied goal atoms  $\rightsquigarrow$  closer to the goal

→ STRIPS heuristic (a.k.a. goal-count heuristic)

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Coming Up with Heuristics

## Criticism of the STRIPS Heuristic

What is wrong with the STRIPS heuristic?

- quite uninformative: the range of heuristic values in a given task is small; typically, most successors have the same estimate
- very sensitive to reformulation: can easily transform any planning task into an equivalent one where h(s) = 1 for all non-goal states (how?)
- ▶ ignores almost all problem structure: heuristic value does not depend on the set of operators!
- → need a better, principled way of coming up with heuristics

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Coming Up with Heuristics

## Relaxing a Problem: Example

Example (Route Planning in a Road Network)

The road network is formalized as a weighted graph over points in the Euclidean plane. The weight of an edge is the road distance between two locations.

Example (Relaxation for Route Planning)

Use the Euclidean distance  $\sqrt{|x_1-x_2|^2+|y_1-y_2|^2}$ as a heuristic for the road distance between  $\langle x_1, y_1 \rangle$  and  $\langle x_2, y_2 \rangle$ This is a lower bound on the road distance (→ admissible).

→ We drop the constraint of having to travel on roads.

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Coming Up with Heuristics

# Coming Up with Heuristics in a Principled Way

## General Procedure for Obtaining a Heuristic

- ► Simplify the problem, for example by removing problem constraints.
- ▶ Solve the simplified problem (ideally optimally).
- Use the solution cost for the simplified problem as a heuristic for the real problem.

As heuristic values are computed for every generated search state, it is important that they can be computed efficiently.

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Coming Up with Heuristics

Planning Heuristics: Main Concepts

Major ideas for heuristics in the planning literature:

delete relaxation → Part D

abstraction → Part E

critical paths → not considered in this course

landmarks → Part F

network flows → Part F

potential heuristics  $\rightsquigarrow$  Part F

We will consider most of them in this course.

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# D1.3 Relaxed Planning Tasks

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Relaxed Planning Tasks

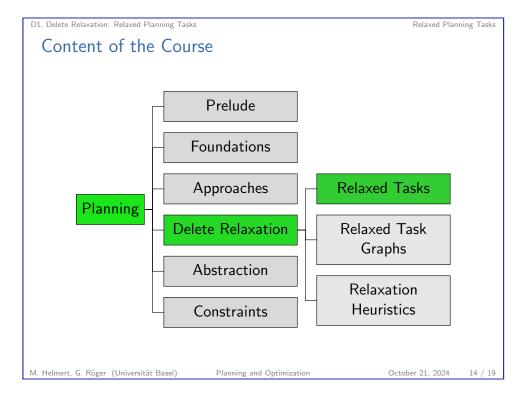
## Delete Relaxation: Idea

In positive normal form (Chapter B5, remember?), good and bad effects are easy to distinguish\*:

- Effects that make state variables true are good (add effects).
- ► Effects that make state variables false are bad (delete effects).

Idea of delete relaxation heuristics: ignore all delete effects.

(\*) with a small caveat regarding conditional effects



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Relaxed Planning Tasks

# Delete-Relaxed Planning Tasks

## Definition (Delete Relaxation of Operators)

The delete relaxation  $o^+$  of an operator o in positive normal form is the operator obtained by replacing all negative effects  $\neg a$  within eff(o) by the do-nothing effect  $\top$ .

#### Definition (Delete Relaxation of Propositional Planning Tasks)

The delete relaxation  $\Pi^+$  of a propositional planning task  $\Pi = \langle V, I, O, \gamma \rangle$  in positive normal form is the planning task  $\Pi^+ := \langle V, I, \{o^+ \mid o \in O\}, \gamma \rangle$ .

## Definition (Delete Relaxation of Operator Sequences)

The delete relaxation of an operator sequence  $\pi = \langle o_1, \dots, o_n \rangle$  is the operator sequence  $\pi^+ := \langle o_1^+, \dots, o_n^+ \rangle$ .

Note: "delete" is often omitted: relaxation, relaxed

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Relaxed Planning Tasks

# Relaxed Planning Tasks: Terminology

- ► Planning tasks in positive normal form without delete effects are called relaxed planning tasks.
- ▶ Plans for relaxed planning tasks are called relaxed plans.
- ▶ If  $\Pi$  is a planning task in positive normal form and  $\pi^+$  is a plan for  $\Pi^+$ , then  $\pi^+$  is called a relaxed plan for  $\Pi$ .

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Summar

# Summary

- ➤ A general way to come up with heuristics: solve a simplified version of the real problem, for example by removing problem constraints.
- delete relaxation: given a task in positive normal form, discard all delete effects

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D1.4 Summary

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