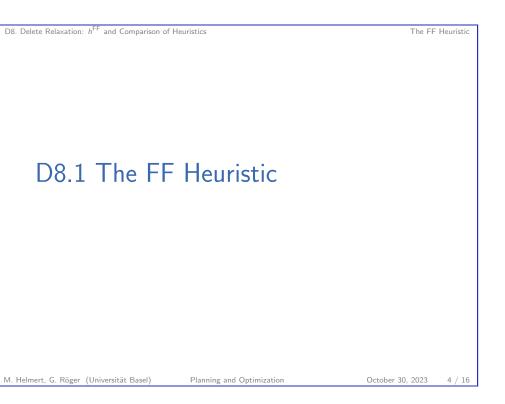
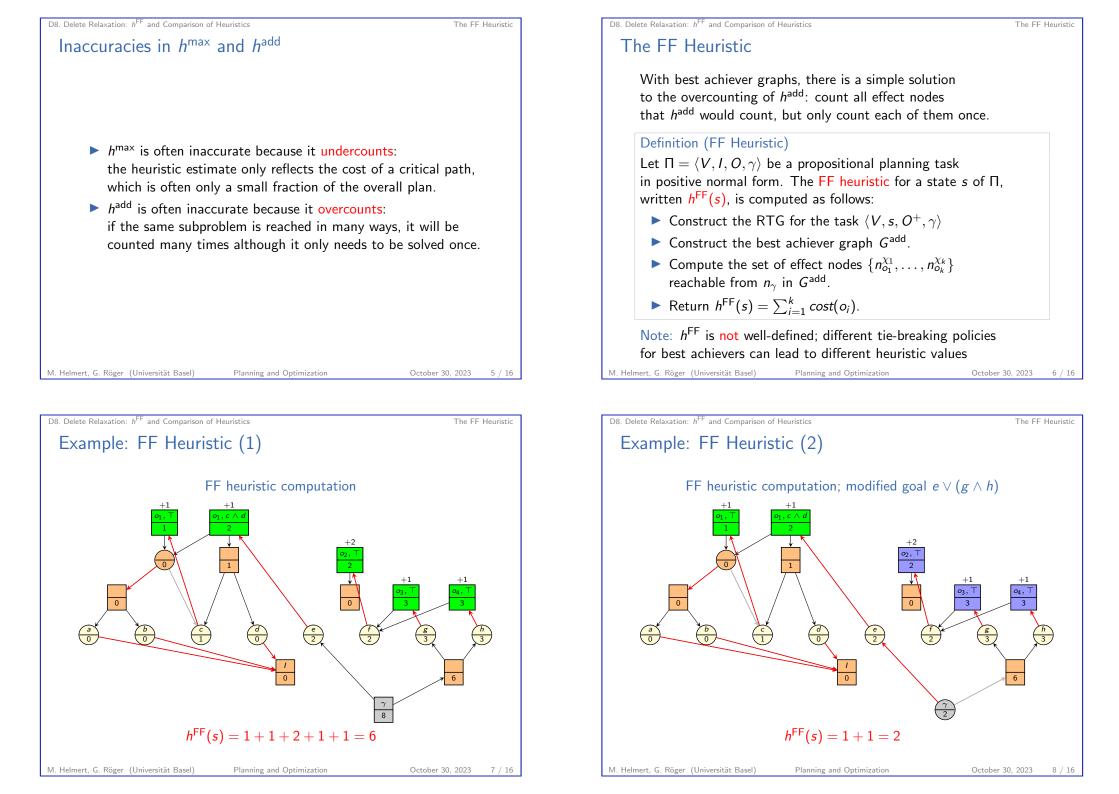


Planning and Optimization October 30, 2023 – D8. Delete Relaxation: h^{FF} and Comparison of Heuristics D8.1 The FF Heuristic D8.2 h^{max} vs. h^{add} vs. h^{FF} vs. h⁺ D8.3 Summary





D8.2 h^{max} vs. h^{add} vs. h^{FF} vs. h^+

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D8. Delete Relaxation: $h^{\rm FF}$ and Comparison of Heuristics

h^{max} vs. h^{add} vs. h^{FF} vs. h⁺

9 / 16

October 30, 2023

Relationships between Delete Relaxation Heuristics (1)

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Theorem

Let Π be a propositional planning task in positive normal form, and let s be a state of Π .

Then:

•
$$h^{max}(s) \leq h^+(s) \leq h^{FF}(s) \leq h^{add}(s)$$

$$\ \ \, {} e^{max}(s) = \infty \ \, {\it iff} \ \, h^+(s) = \infty \ \, {\it iff} \ \, h^{FF}(s) = \infty \ \, {\it iff} \ \, h^{add}(s) = \infty \ \,$$

- **(3)** h^{max} and h^+ are admissible and consistent.
- h^{FF} and h^{add} are neither admissible nor consistent.
- All four heuristics are safe and goal-aware.

Reminder: Optimal Delete Relaxation Heuristic

Definition (h^+ Heuristic)

Let Π be a propositional planning task in positive normal form, and let *s* be a state of Π .

The optimal delete relaxation heuristic for s, written $h^+(s)$, is the perfect heuristic value $h^*(s)$ of state s in the delete-relaxed task Π^+ .

- Reminder: We proved that h⁺(s) is hard to compute.
 (BCPLANEX is NP-complete for delete-relaxed tasks.)
- The optimal delete relaxation heuristic is often used as a reference point for comparison.

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October 30, 2023 10 / 16

D8. Delete Relaxation: h^{FF} and Comparison of Heuristics

 $h^{\rm max}$ vs. $h^{\rm add}$ vs. $h^{\rm FF}$ vs. h^+

h^{max} vs. h^{add} vs. h^{FF} vs. h

Relationships between Delete Relaxation Heuristics (2)

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Proof Sketch.

for 1:

- ➤ To show h^{max}(s) ≤ h⁺(s), show that critical path costs can be defined for arbitrary relaxed plans and that the critical path cost of a plan is never larger than the cost of the plan. Then show that h^{max}(s) computes the minimal critical path cost over all delete-relaxed plans.
- To show h⁺(s) ≤ h^{FF}(s), prove that the operators belonging to the effect nodes counted by h^{FF} form a relaxed plan. No relaxed plan is cheaper than h⁺ by definition of h⁺.

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h^{FF}(s) ≤ *h*^{add}(s) is obvious from the description of *h*^{FF}: both heuristics count the same operators, but *h*^{add} may count some of them multiple times.

. . .



 $h^{\rm max}$ vs. $h^{\rm add}$ vs. $h^{\rm FF}$ vs. h^+

October 30, 2023

13 / 16

Summar

Relationships between Delete Relaxation Heuristics (3)

Proof Sketch (continued).

- for 2: all heuristics are infinite iff the task has no relaxed solution
- for 3: admissibility follows from $h^{\max}(s) \le h^+(s)$ because we already know that h^+ is admissible; we omit the argument for consistency
- for 4: construct a counterexample to admissibility for h^{FF}
- for 5: goal-awareness is easy to show; safety follows from 2.+3. $\hfill\square$

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D8. Delete Relaxation: h^{FF} and Comparison of Heuristics

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Summary

- The FF heuristic repairs the double-counting of h^{add} and therefore approximates h⁺ more closely.
- The key idea is to mark all effect nodes "used" for the h^{add} value of the goal and count each of them once.
- ▶ In general, $h^{\max}(s) \le h^+(s) \le h^{\mathsf{FF}}(s) \le h^{\mathsf{add}}(s)$.
- h^{\max} and h^+ are admissible; h^{FF} and h^{add} are not.

D8.3 Summary

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D8. Delete Relaxation: *h*^{FF} and Comparison of Heuristics

D8. Delete Relaxation: h^{FF} and Comparison of Heuristics

Literature Pointers

(Some) delete-relaxation heuristics in the planning literature:

▶ additive heuristic *h*^{add} (Bonet, Loerincs & Geffner, 1997)

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- maximum heuristic h^{max} (Bonet & Geffner, 1999)
- ► (original) FF heuristic (Hoffmann & Nebel, 2001)
- cost-sharing heuristic h^{cs} (Mirkis & Domshlak, 2007)
- ▶ set-additive heuristics *h*^{sa} (Keyder & Geffner, 2008)
- ► FF/additive heuristic *h*^{FF} (Keyder & Geffner, 2008)
- ▶ local Steiner tree heuristic *h*^{lst} (Keyder & Geffner, 2009)
- → also hybrids such as semi-relaxed heuristics and delete-relaxation landmark heuristics

October 30, 2023

14 / 16

Summar

Summar