

D4.1 Inference Rules and Calculi

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D4. Inference

Some Inference Rules for Propositional Logic

Modus ponens	$\frac{\varphi, \ (\varphi \to \psi)}{\psi}$		
Modus tollens	$\frac{\neg\psi, \ (\varphi \to \psi)}{\neg\varphi}$		
\wedge -elimination	$rac{(arphi\wedge\psi)}{arphi} = rac{(arphi\wedge\psi)}{\psi}$		
\wedge -introduction	$\frac{\varphi, \ \psi}{(\varphi \wedge \psi)}$		
\lor -introduction	$\frac{\varphi}{(\varphi \lor \psi)}$		
\leftrightarrow -elimination	$\frac{(\varphi \leftrightarrow \psi)}{(\varphi \to \psi)} \frac{(\varphi \leftrightarrow \psi)}{(\psi \to \varphi)}$		
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Derivation: Example Example Given: $KB = \{P, (P \rightarrow Q), (P \rightarrow R), ((Q \land R) \rightarrow S)\}$ Task: Find derivation of $(S \land R)$ from KB. ($P \rightarrow Q$) (KB) ($P \rightarrow Q$) (KB) ($Q \rightarrow R$) (KB) ($P \rightarrow R$) (KB) ($Q \land R$) ($3, 5, \land$ -introduction) ($(Q \land R) \rightarrow S$) (KB) ($S \land R$) ($8, 5, \land$ -introduction) ($S \land R$) ($8, 5, \land$ -introduction)

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Summar

Correctness and Completeness

Definition (Correctness and Completeness of a Calculus) We write $KB \vdash_C \varphi$ if there is a derivation of φ from KB in calculus *C*. (If calculus *C* is clear from context, also only $KB \vdash \varphi$.)

A calculus *C* is correct if for all KB and φ KB $\vdash_C \varphi$ implies KB $\models \varphi$.

A calculus *C* is complete if for all KB and φ KB $\models \varphi$ implies KB $\vdash_C \varphi$.

Consider calculus *C*, consisting of the derivation rules seen earlier. Question: Is *C* correct? Question: Is *C* complete?

German: korrekt, vollständig

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D4. Inference

Summary (Consequence and Inference)

- knowledge base: set of formulas describing given information; satisfiable, valid etc. used like for individual formulas
- ▶ logical consequence KB $\models \varphi$ means that φ is true whenever (= in all models where) KB is true
- A logical consequence KB ⊨ φ allows to conclude that KB implies φ based on the semantics.
- A correct calculus supports such conclusions on the basis of purely syntactical derivations KB ⊢ φ.

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