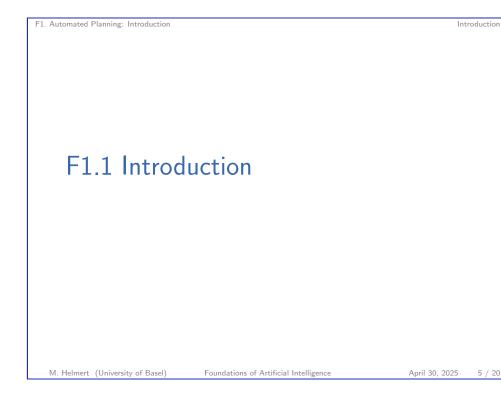




Foundations of Artific April 30, 2025 — F1. Automate			
F1.1 Introduction			
F1.2 Repetition: S	tate Spaces		
F1.3 Compact Des	scriptions		
F1.4 Summary			
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classification:	
Automated Planning	
environment:	
static vs. dynamic	
deterministic vs. nondeterministic vs. stochastic	
fully observable vs. partially observable	
discrete vs. continuous	
single-agent vs. multi-agent	
problem solving method:	
problem-specific vs. general vs. learning	



F1. Automated Planning: Introduction

Planning: Informally

given:

state space description in terms of suitable problem description language (planning formalism)

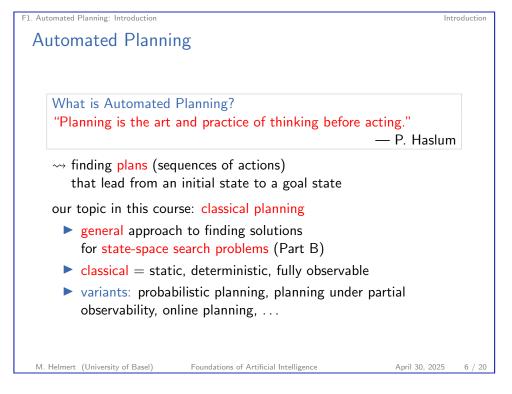
required:

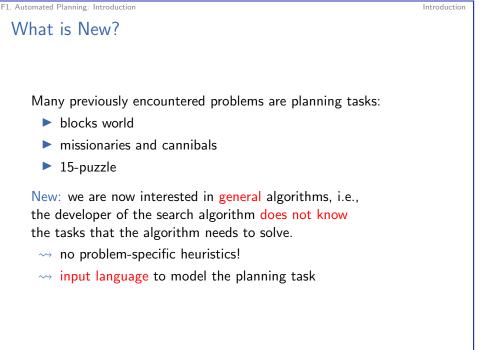
- a plan, i.e., a solution for the described state space (sequence of actions from initial state to goal)
- or a proof that no plan exists

distinguish between

- optimal planning: guarantee that returned plans are optimal, i.e., have minimal overall cost
- suboptimal planning (satisficing): suboptimal plans are allowed







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Repetition: State Spaces

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F1.2 Repetition: State Spaces

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F1. Automated Planning: Introduction

State Spaces

Definition (state space)

A state space or transition system is a 6-tuple $S = \langle S, A, cost, T, s_{I}, S_{G} \rangle$ with

- ► finite set of states *S*
- ► finite set of actions A
- action costs *cost* : $A \to \mathbb{R}_0^+$
- transition relation T ⊆ S × A × S that is deterministic in (s, a) (see next slide)
- ► initial state $s_{I} \in S$
- ▶ set of goal states $S_G \subseteq S$

German: Zustandsraum, Transitionssystem, Zustände, Aktionen, Aktionskosten, Transitions-/Übergangsrelation, deterministisch, Anfangszustand, Zielzustände

F1. Automated Planning: Introduction

Formal Models for State-Space Search

To cleanly study search problems we need a formal model.

Nothing New Here!

This section is a repetition of Section B1.2 of the chapter "State-Space Search: State Spaces".

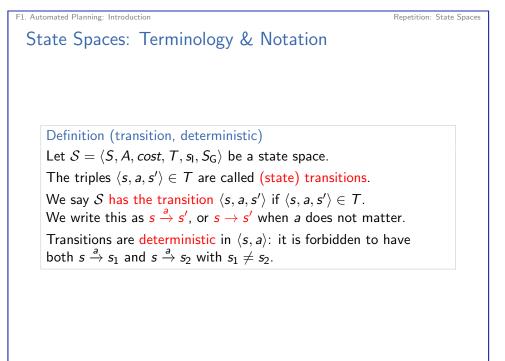
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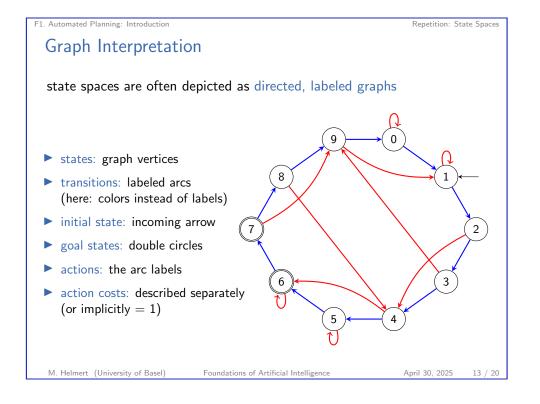
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Repetition: State Spaces



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. Automated Planning: Introduction	Re
State Spaces: Terminology	

terminology:

F1. A

- predecessor, successor
- applicable action
- path, length, costs
- reachable
- solution, optimal solution

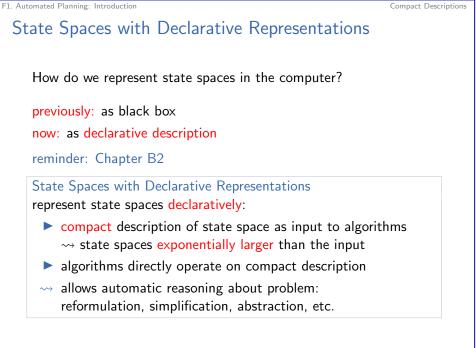
German: Vorgänger, Nachfolger, anwendbare Aktion, Pfad, Länge, Kosten, erreichbar, Lösung, optimale Lösung

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