# Algorithms and Data Structures A1. Organizational Matters

Gabriele Röger and Patrick Schnider

University of Basel

February 19, 2025

## Organizational Matters

### People



Gabriele Röger



Patrick Schnider

#### Lecturer

#### Gabi Röger

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#### Patrick Schnider

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office: room 04.009, Spiegelgasse 1

### People



#### Tutors

Floyd Peiszan (floyd.peiszan@stud.unibas.ch)

■ Tuesday, 14.15-16.00, Pharmazentrum, U1075

Maya Posva (maya.posva@stud.unibas.ch)

■ Wednesday, 10.15-12.00, Pharmazentrum, U1075

Yanick Spichty (y.spichty@stud.unibas.ch)

Friday, 14.15-16.00, Pharmazentrum, U1075

#### Time & Place

#### Lectures

- Wednesday: 14:15–16:00, Biozentrum, lecture hall U1.131
- Thursday: 14:15–16:00, Alte Universität, lecture hall -101

#### Exercise Sessions (starting February 21/25/26)

- Tuesday, 14.15-16.00, Pharmazentrum, U1075
- Wednesday, 10.15-12.00, Pharmazentrum, U1075
- Friday, 14.15-16.00, Pharmazentrum, U1075

#### Resources

- Adam: central starting point and exercises https://adam.unibas.ch/
- Website: course information, slides, notebooks
- Discord: for your interaction with each other
  - Idea: course participants help each other.
  - Lecturers and tutors can help by request.
  - Feel free to use a pseudonym.

#### Textbook

#### Textbook



Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein (MIT Press, Fourth Edition)

### Programming Languages

- Lectures: Mostly Python
  - → Advantage: compact and direct, ideal for smaller programs
- Exercises: Java or Python (indicated on exercise sheet)





We don't require any previous knowledge about Python!

#### Exercises

#### Exercise sheets (homework assignments):

- theoretical and programming exercises
- on ADAM every Thursday evening
- may be solved in groups (we recommend groups of 2-3)
- group members should be in same exercise group
- due Friday the following week (23:55)
  (upload to Adam at https://adam.unibas.ch/)
- discussion and individual feedback in exercise meeting

#### Exercises

#### Exercise sessions:

- introduction of/questions about the current exercise sheet
- discussion of previous exercise sheet (common problems)
- questions about the course
- if time: work on the homework assignment
  - support with the current exercise sheet
  - technical support (Java/Python, programming environment)
- participation voluntary but highly recommended

#### **Exercises**

#### Exercise sessions:

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important: please fill in the survey on ADAM for the group assignment until tomorrow 15:15 (February 20).

- One registration per team (please list all names).
- All team members will be in the same exercise session.

#### Course Format

- 6 ECTS main course + 2 ECTS exercises
- separate enrolment and evaluation
- can and should be taken in parallel

#### Enrolment

- https://services.unibas.ch/
- register today for the course, so that you get all relevant emails and access to the ADAM workspace
- enrolment for exercise after we made the group assignment

#### **Prerequisites**

basic programming skills (ideally Java or Python)

### Evaluation of Main Course (6 CP)

- written exam, 6 ECTS credits, graded 1-6
- 11 June 2025, 14:00-16:00, Biozentrum, Hörsaal U1.111, Maurice E. Müller Saal
- admission to exam: no prerequisites
- grade for course determined exclusively by the exam
- if you fail: one repeat attempt (within one year)

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- must register for exam during March 31 April 14

  → see https://philnat.unibas.ch/de/examen/
- grade for course determined exclusively by the exam
- if you fail: one repeat attempt (within one year)

Last lecture (May 28): Q&A session for exam preparation

### Evaluation of Exercises (2 CP)

- midterm exams on April 2 and May 8
- in the usual lecture hall (Biozentrum)
- pass/fail evaluation based on the accumulated marks from the midterm exams

### Laptops

#### Small exercises during the lecture: please bring your laptop.

#### But stay focused:



Research Article

Logged In and Zoned Out: How Laptop Internet Use Relates to Classroom Learning

Psychological Science

2017, Vol. 28(2) 171-180 © The Author(s) 2016 sagepub.com/iournalsPennissions.nav DOI: 10.1177/0956797616677314 www.psychologicalscience.org/PS

(S)SAGE

Susan M. Ravizza, Mitchell G. Uitvlugt, and Kimberly M. Fenn

Department of Psychology, Michigan State University, East Lansing.

Lapton computers are widely prevalent in university classrooms. Although laptons are a valuable tool, they offer access to a distracting temptation: the Internet. In the study reported here, we assessed the relationship between classroom performance and actual Internet usage for academic and nonacademic purposes. Students who were enrolled in an introductory psychology course logged into a proxy server that monitored their online activity during class. Past

### Jupyter Notebooks

web-based interactive computational environment for Python (and some other languages)

- illustrating algorithms and concepts
- implementing algorithms for experimenting and studying at home
- small exercises during the lecture

```
JUDYTEF selection_sort Last Checkpoint: 54 seconds ago
File Edit View Flux Kernel Settings Help
B + K 0 0 + 0 + Code -
                                                                                                                      Sendentals [2] 8 Publics 5 Spylessed C
         Selection Sort
         Let's include the selection sort algorithm from the lecture, You can uncomment the 'arrivat' statements to get some output on its computation
                 min Index = 1
                     if array[j] < array[min_index]:
                  array[i], array[min_index] = array[min_index], array[i]
    [[]]: test array = [7,3,5,9,3]
   [10]: from functions impart total ordering
          class Porses:

def init (self, name, age);
              def year (salf):
                 return "As (NA)" & (self.name, self.see)
                 retern self.age - other.ag
```

### Questions on Organization



Questions?

### About this Course

- some basic building blocks are needed again and again in programming projects, e.g.
  - sorting algorithms
  - search trees
  - priority queues
  - shortest path in a graph
  - **.** . . .
- often provided by libraries

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- here you learn ...
  - how all this works internally.
  - how to select suitable building blocks.
  - tricks to achieve efficient programs.

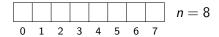
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- often provided by libraries
- here you learn ...
  - how all this works internally.
  - how to select suitable building blocks.
  - tricks to achieve efficient programs.
- independent of specific programming language

### Example: Algorithms for Sorting

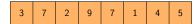
- task: sort a sequence of elements in increasing order, e.g. input [5, 9, 3, 5] → result [3, 5, 5, 9]
- 1960s (and a long time afterwards): a quarter of all commercial computation time used for sorting
- naive algorithm: selection sort

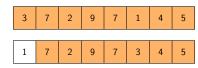


### Selection Sort: Informally

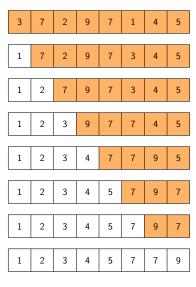


- identify smallest element at positions  $0, \dots, n-1$  and swap it to position 0
- identify smallest element at positions  $1, \dots, n-1$  and swap it to position 1
- . . . .
- identify smallest element at positions n-2, n-1 and swap it to position n-2

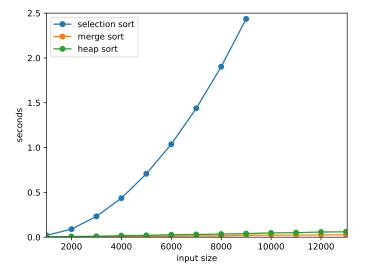




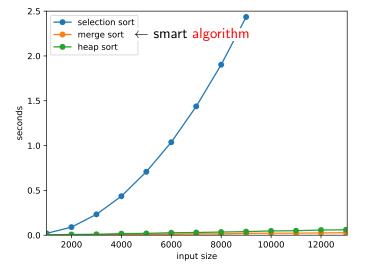




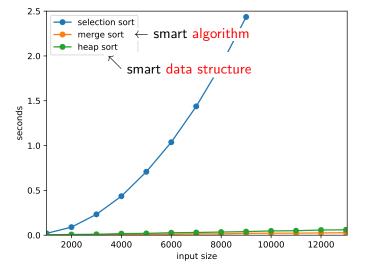
### Algorithms for Sorting: Runtime

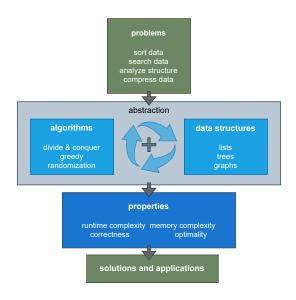


### Algorithms for Sorting: Runtime

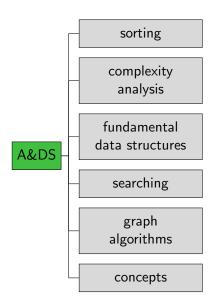


### Algorithms for Sorting: Runtime





#### Content of the Course



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