Foundations of Artificial Intelligence

2. Introduction: Al Past and Present

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March 5, 2018

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2.1 A Short History of Al

2.2 Al Systems Past and Present

2.3 Summary

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Introduction: Overview

Chapter overview: introduction

- ▶ 1. What is Artificial Intelligence?
- ▶ 2. Al Past and Present
- ▶ 3. Rational Agents
- ▶ 4. Environments and Problem Solving Methods

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A Short History of Al

2.1 A Short History of Al

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2. Introduction: Al Past and Present

A Short History of AI

The Origins of Al

Before AI, philosophy, mathematics, psychology and linguistics asked similar questions and influenced AI.

Gestation of AI (\sim 1943–1956)

With the advent of electrical computers, many asked:

Can computers mimic the human mind?

→ Turing test

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60 Years of AI: 1950s

Dartmouth workshop (1956):

John McCarthy coins the term artificial intelligence

→ "official birth year" of the research area

early enthusiasm:

Herbert Simon (1957)

It is not my aim to surprise or shock you — but the simplest way I can summarize is to say that there are now in the world machines that think, that learn and that create. Moreover, their ability to do these things is going to increase rapidly until — in the visible future — the range of problems they can handle will be coextensive with the range to which the human mind has been applied.

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Early Enthusiasm: General Problem Solver (GPS)

- ► GPS: developed in 1957 by Herbert Simon and Allen Newell
- goal: build a universal problem solving machine by imitating human problem solving strategies
- → first representative of "thinking humanly" approach to Al
- every formalized symbolic problem solvable in principle by GPS
- practice: GPS solves simple tasks like towers of Hanoi, but does not scale to realistic application problems



Video: ai02-figures/hanoi.mpeg

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60 Years of AI: 1960s and 1970s

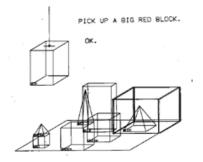
- ▶ 1960s: "intelligent behavior" in many demonstration systems for micro worlds (e.g., blocks world)
- ▶ 1970s: systems for micro worlds fail to scale

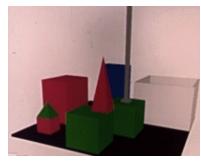
German: wissensbasierte Systeme, Mikrowelten

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Micro Worlds: Blocks World (SHRDLU)

- ► SHRDLU understands natural language
- developed 1968–1970 by Terry Winograd at MIT AI Lab
- user dialog (via teletype) on blocks world
- graphical representation on screen





http://hci.stanford.edu/~winograd/shrdlu/

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A SHRDLU Dialog

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Human: PICK UP A BIG RED BLOCK.

Computer: OK. [does it] Human: GRASP THE PYRAMID.

Computer: I DON'T UNDERSTAND WHICH PYRAMID YOU MEAN. Human: FIND A BLOCK WHICH IS TALLER THAN THE ONE YOU ARE

HOLDING AND PUT IT INTO THE BOX.

Computer: BY "IT", I ASSUME YOU MEAN THE BLOCK WHICH IS

TALLER THAN THE ONE I AM HOLDING.

Computer: OK. [does it]

Human: WHAT DOES THE BOX CONTAIN?

Computer: THE BLUE PYRAMID AND THE BLUE BLOCK.

Human: WHAT IS THE PYRAMID SUPPORTED BY?

Computer: THE BOX.

Human: HOW MANY BLOCKS ARE NOT IN THE BOX?

Computer: FOUR OF THEM.

Human: IS AT LEAST ONE OF THEM NARROWER THAN THE ONE

WHICH I TOLD YOU TO PICK UP?

Computer: YES, THE RED CUBE.

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A Short History of Al

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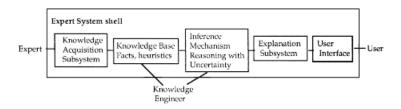
60 Years of Al. 1980s

1980s: Al gold rush

- commercial success of rule-based expert systems (e.g. R1)
- research boom, e.g., Fifth Generation Computer Systems project in Japan
- (second) heyday of neural networks
- ▶ end of 1980s: expert systems and other Al approaches less successful than hoped
- → Al winter

German: Expertensysteme, neuronale Netze, KI-Winter

2. Introduction: Al Past and Present **Expert Systems**



- knowledge acquisition: support for modeling expert knowledge
- knowledge base: database of facts and heuristic rules
- ▶ inference engine: reasoning mechanism; processes information in knowledge base to solve problems
- explanation system: explains conclusions of inference engine

German: Wissensakquise, Wissensbasis, Inferenz-Engine,

Erklärungssystem M. Helmert (University of Basel)

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Expert Systems: R1/XCON

- ▶ application area: configuration of VAX computers according to customer specifications
- developed by John McDermott et al. (1978–1981)
- ▶ input: desired properties of the computer system
- output: specification of the computer system
- ▶ inference engine: simple forward chaining of rules

DISTRIBUTE-MB-DEVICES-3

- IF: the most current active context is distributing massbus devices
- & there is a single port disk drive that has not been assigned to a massbus
- & there are no unassigned dual port disk drives
- & the number of devices that each massbus should support is known
- & there is a massbus that has been assigned at least one disk drive and that should support additional disk drives
- & the type of cable needed to connect the disk drive to the previous device on the disk drive is known

THEN: assign the disk drive to the massbus

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2. Introduction: Al Past and Present

60 Years of AI: 1990s and 2000s

1990s and 2000s: Al comes of age

agent-oriented approaches

Russell & Norvig (1995)

formalization of AI techniques

better understanding of theoretical complexity

Gentle revolutions have occurred in robotics, computer vision,

understanding of the problems and their complexity properties,

combined with increased mathematical sophistication, has led to

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machine learning, and knowledge representation. A better

increased use of mathematical methods

workable research agendas and robust methods.

advent of probabilistic methods

A Short History of Al

60 Years of AI: Today









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- many coexisting paradigms
 - reactive vs. deliberative
 - probabilistic vs. symbolic
 - often hybrid approaches
- many methods, often borrowing from other research areas
 - logic, decision theory, statistics, ...
- many approaches

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- theoretical, algorithmic/experimental, system-oriented, . . .
- many success stories no longer count as "pure" Al
 - board games, logic programming, search methods, . . .

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60 Years of AI: 2010s

2010s: broad commercial viability and visibility in society

- Siri is major innovation of iPhone 4s "Siri: Back to the Future": https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UBHgj9TuHXM
- self-driving cars are tested in real-world traffic
- ► AlphaGo beats leading human players https://www.nature.com/articles/nature16961
- debate on technological unemployment
 "Humans Need Not Apply":
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Pq-S557XQU

Focus on Algorithms and Experiments

Many AI problems are inherently difficult (NP-hard), but strong search techniques and heuristics often solve large problem instances regardless:

- satisfiability in propositional logic
 - ► 10,000 propositional variables or more via conflict-directed clause learning
- constraint solvers
 - good scalability via constraint propagation and automatic exploitation of problem structure
- action planning
 - ► 10¹⁰⁰ search states and more by search using automatically inferred heuristics

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2.2 Al Systems Past and Present

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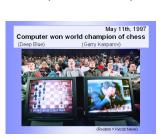
Al Systems Past and Present

Example System (1996): Chess

Deep Blue vs. Kasparow (1996):

 first win of a chess computer against reigning world champion under tournament conditions (time controls)







Deep Blue in Futurama:

http://www.cc.com/video-clips/p1jk76/futurama-action-rangers

http://poker.cs.ualberta.ca/

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Al Systems Past and Present

Example System (2015): Poker

Cepheus (2015), developed at the University of Alberta, "solves" heads-up limit Hold'em







Univ. of Alberta computer poker research group

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Al Systems Past and Present

Example System (1998): Driving Cars

ALVINN (1998), developed by Dean Pomerleau et al., CMU, keeps the lane for more than 4000 km

- semi-autonomic driving
- camera images, artificial neural networks



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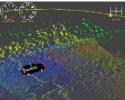
Al Systems Past and Present

Example System (2005): Driving Cars

Stanley (2005) by Sebastian Thrun et al., Stanford University, wins DARPA Grand Challenge (2'000'000 US\$ prize)

- drives autonomously through Mojave desert (212 km, off-road)
- winning time: less than 7 hours





videos: ai02-figures/stanley-1.avi, ai02-figures/stanley-2.wmv

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Sum

Summary

▶ 1950s/1960s: beginnings of AI; early enthusiasm

▶ 1970s: micro worlds and knowledge-based systems

▶ 1980s: gold rush of expert systems followed by "Al winter"

▶ 1990s/2000s: Al comes of age; research becomes more rigorous and mathematical; mature methods

▶ 2010s: Al systems enter mainstream

2.3 Summary

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