Foundations of Artificial Intelligence 20. Combinatorial Optimization: Introduction and Hill-Climbing

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Combinatorial Optimization

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20.1 Combinatorial Optimization

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20.1 Combinatorial Optimization		
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20. Combinatorial Optimization: Introduction and Hill-Climbing

previous chapters: classical state-space search

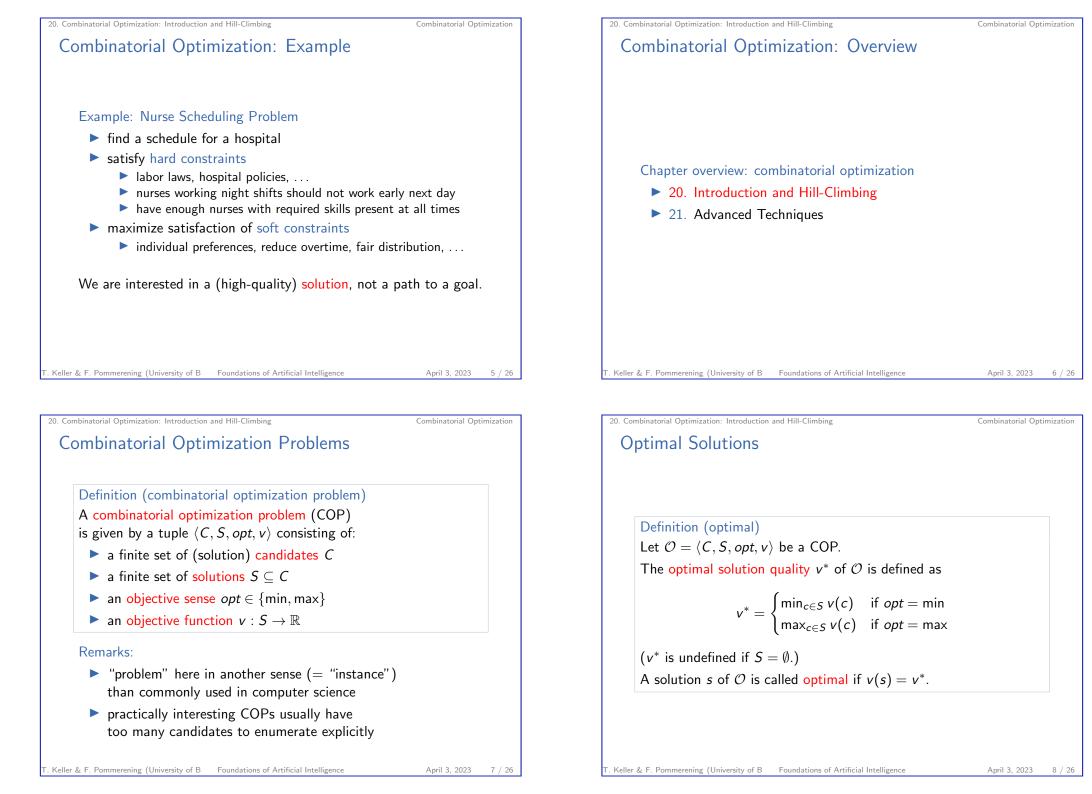
- find action sequence (path) from initial to goal state
- difficulty: large number of states ("state explosion")

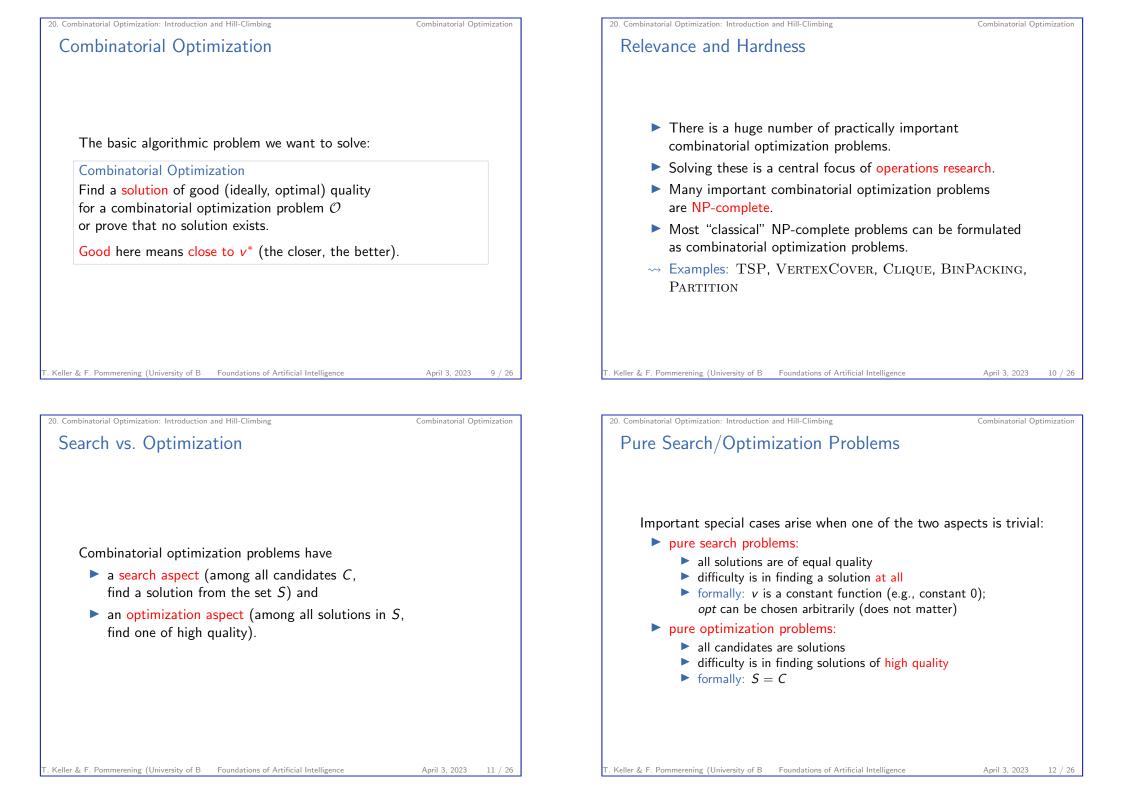
next chapters: combinatorial optimization

 \rightsquigarrow similar scenario, but:

- no actions or transitions
- don't search for path, but for configuration ("state") with low cost/high quality

Combinatorial Optimization





20.2 Example

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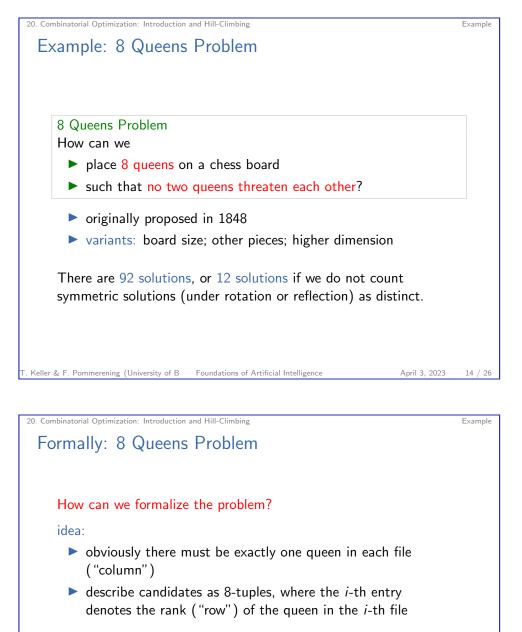
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Is this candidate a solution?

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Example



formally: $\mathcal{O} = \langle C, S, opt, v \rangle$ with

- ► $C = \{1, ..., 8\}^8$
- $\blacktriangleright S = \{ \langle r_1, \ldots, r_8 \rangle \mid \forall 1 \le i < j \le 8 : r_i \ne r_j \land |r_i r_j| \ne |i j| \}$
- v constant, opt irrelevant (pure search problem)

20.3 Local Search: Hill Climbing

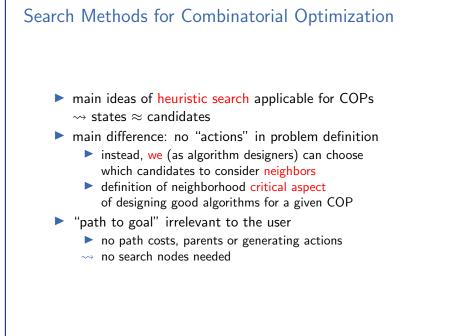
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Local Search: Hill Climbing

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Local Search: Hill Climbing

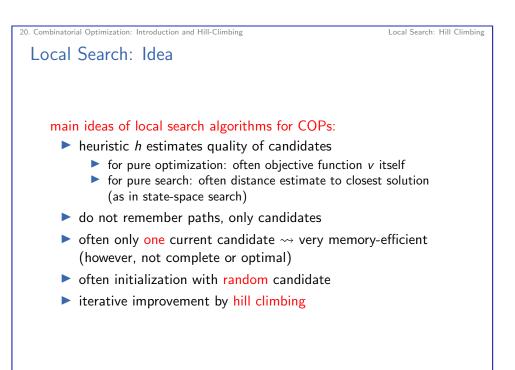
Algorithms for Combinatorial Optimization Problems

How can we algorithmically solve COPs?

- formulation as classical state-space search ~> previous chapters
- ▶ formulation as constraint network ~→ next session
- ▶ formulation as logical satisfiability problem ~→ later
- formulation as mathematical optimization problem (LP/IP) ~> not in this course
- ► local search ~→ this and next chapter

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Local Search: Hill Climbing

Hill Climbing (for Maximization Problems) current := a random candidate repeat: next := a neighbor of current with maximum h value

 $h(next) \le h(current)$:

return current

current := *next*

Remarks:

- search as walk "uphill" in a landscape defined by the neighborhood relation
- heuristic values define "height" of terrain
- analogous algorithm for minimization problems also traditionally called "hill climbing" even though the metaphor does not fully fit

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Local Search: Hill Climbing

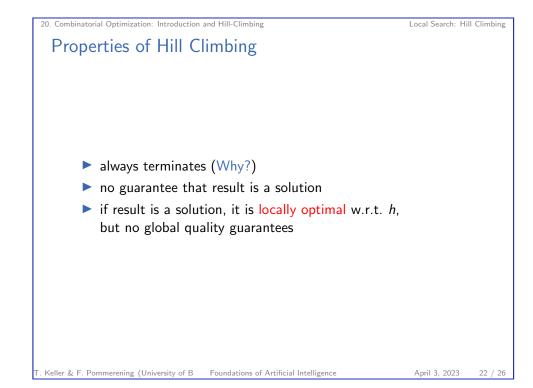
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Example: 8 Queens Problem

Problem: Place 8 queens on a chess board such that no two queens threaten each other. possible heuristic: no. of pairs of queens threatening each other (formalization as minimization problem) possible neighborhood: move one queen within its file

18	12	14	13	13	12	14	14
14	16	13	15	12	14	12	16
14	12	18	13	15	12	14	14
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		×					16
14	14	13	17	12	14	12	18



20. Combinatorial Optimization: Introduction and Hill-Climbing Performance of Hill Climbing for 8 Queens Problem problem has 8⁸ ≈ 17 million candidates (reminder: 92 solutions among these) after random initialization, hill climbing finds a solution in around 14% of the cases only around 3–4 steps on average!

